Name:	

### **Restoration Channel Islands Debate**

Criteria for Debatable Questions
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•
You will now watch the "Restoration" movie segment about the Channel Islands ecosystem. As you watch the movie, write down some ideas for debatable topics that are brought up in the section below.
Ideas for Debatable Topics
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•
Step 1: As a group, decide on a debatable question from the list on the board, and then write your question on the lines below.
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Step 2: Within your group, form teams (supporting team and opposing team).
I will represent the (check one):

Step 3: In your team, come up with a claim/thesis statement for the side of the argument you are representing.
Your Claim/Thesis statement:
As a class, we will watch the "Restoration" video clip again and in your teams, you will be given a set of articles. From these sources, you will need to collect 3 things:
1. Three reasons that support your claim to the argument and two pieces of evidence to
back up each reason.  2. At least two reasons that would support your opponents' claim and at least one piece
of evidence to back up each reason.
3. A counterclaim to your opponents' reasons.
Use the space below to take notes on the video and the articles.
Your evidence:
Your opponents' evidence:

<u>Step 4</u>: Caucus as a team to decide on your three strongest reasons that support your claim and the corresponding evidence for each reason. Write them on the lines below.



•	I take the position that (your claim/thesis statement)			
•	My first reason for this is because (Reason 1)			
	0	My evidence is that (Evidence A):		
	0	Also, (Evidence B):		
•	My second reason for this is because (Reason 2)			
	0	My evidence is that (Evidence A):		
	0	Also, (Evidence B):		
•	My third reason for this is because (Reason 3)			
	0	My evidence is that (Evidence A):		
	0	Also, (Evidence B):		



	nsulting your opponents, write down what you think your opponents' claithe argument.	im will
Opponents' C	Thesis Statement:	
their argumen	come up with <u>at least two</u> reasons that you predict your opponents will usupport their claim, as well as <u>at least one</u> piece of corresponding evidence fill in your counterargument. The bullet points in boxes are the items thated.	e for
• Pos	e Opponents' Claim/Thesis statement	
• k	use (Possible reason 1)	
	Supporting Evidence A:	
	My counterclaim:	
	Supporting Evidence B:	
	My counterclaim:	
• k	use (Possible reason 2)	

My counterclaim:

	0	Supporting Evidence B:
		My counterclaim:
•	beca	ause (Possible reason 3)
	0	Supporting Evidence A:
		My counterclaim:
	0	Supporting Evidence B:
		My counterclaim:



You will be paired with another debate group to watch and listen as they debate their question.

#### **Debating Team Rules:**

## 1. Each side gets one minute to present (page 3).

- 2. Same-team partner may whisper in or write notes to each other (on post-its).
- 3. Opposite side takes notes (page 6).
- 4. Caucus! This time compare notes and decide which of your opponents' points were strongest- how could you respond to them (page 7)?
- 5. Each team will have an additional minute to respond with their counterargument (page 7).
- 6. Shake hands and congratulate each other on a successful debate.

#### Observing Team Rules:

- 1. Watch each team present for one minute.
- 2. You should not talk at this time.
- 3. Take notes on each team's argument (page 8).
- 4. Discuss the strongest points that each side of the argument presented and write them in your notebooks (page 8). Discuss and write down what each team has done well and things they could improve on (page 8).
- 5. Listen to the group present their counterargument.
- 6. Applaud and congratulate each team on a successful debate.

#### NOTE: If your group is debating second, go to Step 10.



<u>Step 7</u>: Debate your side of the argument by reading out your reasons and evidence in Step 4 (page 3).

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When it is your opponent's turn to debate, take notes on their argument using the space below.

(Opponents' Claim/Thesis statement)					
beca	because (Reason 1)				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
0	Evidence A:				
0	Evidence B:				
beca	ause (Reason 2)				
0	Evidence A:				
0	Evidence B:				
beca	ause (Reason 3)				
0	Evidence A:				
0	Evidence B:				

# <u>Step 8</u>: Caucus! Use the space below to determine evidence for your counterclaim defense.



l respe	ctfully disagree with (Opponents' Claim/Thesis Statement)
l respe	ectfully disagree with your first reason because (Counterclaim 1)
0	My evidence for that is (Evidence A):
0	Also, (Evidence B):
l respe	ectfully disagree with your second reason because (Counterclaim 2)
0	My evidence for that is (Evidence A):
0	Also, (Evidence B):
l respe	ectfully disagree with your third reason because (Counterclaim 3)
0	My evidence for that is (Evidence A):
0	Also, (Evidence B):

SP C

Step 9: Give your counterclaim defense by reading the statements in Step 8.

Shake hands with your opponent and congratulate them on a successful debate.



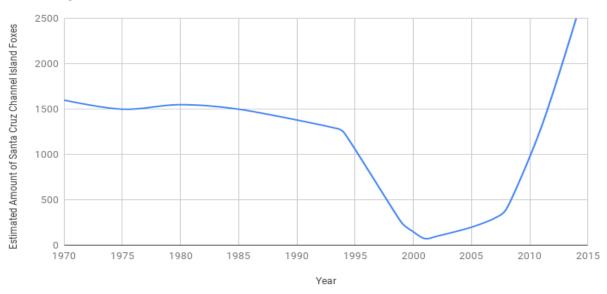
Step 10: Take notes on your partner group's debate in the box below.

Notes on Comment annual and	
Notes on Support arguments:	
Notes on Onnosition arguments:	
Notes on Opposition arguments:	

#### Debrief

Use the graph below to answer the following questions.

Recovery of the Channel Island Fox



1	In one	cantanca	describe	what data	thic	granh	contains
⊥.	III One	sentence,	uescribe	wiiat uata	ums	grapn	contains.


- 2. What is the time frame for this graph?
- 3. Why do you think the graph begins in 1970?

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4. What does it mean for a population to be stable?

\_\_\_\_\_\_

- 5. Put a  ${f box}$  around where the population of foxes was relatively  ${f stable}$  on the graph.
  - a. In what years was the population stable?
- 6. Name 2-3 factors that the foxes must have had on Santa Cruz Island for the for population of foxes to remain **stable** during this time period.

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7. What does it mean for a population to be **changing**?

The same are a constant of a population of the same group.

8.	Put a <b>circle</b> around where the population of foxes was <b>dramatically changing</b> on the graph.					
	a. Did the number of foxes show a dramatic decrease in population on the graph?					
			☐ Yes	□No		
	b.	If yes:				
		i.	In what years	was the population dramatically decreasing?		
		ii.	On your grap	h, label this circle with a "D".		
	c. Did the number of foxes show a dramatic increase in population on the graph?					
			☐ Yes	□No		
	d.	If yes:				
		i.	In what years	was the population dramatically increasing?		
		ii.	On your grap	h, label this circle with an "I".		
9.	Thin	k back to	the video and	d articles. Name 2-3 factors that could have caused the foxes to		
	decrease in number.					
LO.	. Think back to the video and articles. Name 2-3 factors that could have caused the foxes to					
	increase in number.					
L1.	Fron	n questic	ons 9 and 10, v	ve know that there were many factors influencing the fox		
	population. On the graph, put a <b>star</b> when you think these factors began to have a significant					
	nega	ative effe	ect on the fox p	population.		
12	2. Scie	entists de	ecided to remo	ove the pigs from the island once they realized the negative impacts		
	the	y had on	the fox popul	ation. Put an <b>X</b> on the graph where you think scientists began to		
	ren	nove the	pigs.			

13. W	Vhat do you think would happen to the foxes if the feral pigs were still alive on the island?
	If the feral pigs were still alive, then
14. D	you think this issue is complex and leads to more argumentation? Why?